



大理独蒜兰 *Pleione forrestii* Schlechter

大理独蒜兰

绘图：邹贤桂 栽培及配文：俸宇星 梁畴芬

大理独蒜兰 (*Pleione forrestii* Schlechter) 是 Schlechter 于1912年发表的新种, 属兰科独蒜兰属(又名一叶兰属)植物, 产于我国云南西部, 岩生或地生, 海拔700—3000米。模式标本为 Forrest 4849, 采自大理。属名 *Pleione* 系人名, 为纪念 *Pleiades* 的母亲 *Pleione* 而取。笔者1992年2月20日将其种于广西桂林雁山, 并于3月开花。据栽培观察, 该植物先花后叶, 花葶高约8 cm, 花黄色, 花萼花瓣同大, 条状披针形, 唇瓣倒肾形, 内具4条褶片, 先端杂紫色斑点, 边缘流苏状。花期约15天。花凋谢后即抽出一叶, 6月成叶, 矩圆状倒披针形, 长20 cm, 宽6 cm, 叶面具6—8条折棱。7月叶凋落, 宿存茎头状假鳞茎。

1992年2月大理独蒜兰在昆明市园林局主办的云南兰花展览会上展出, 其纤纤出土之姿, 楚楚矚风之态, 娇柔不媚, 小巧奇秀, 在以国兰为主的展览会上, 尤为引人注目, 是放置案头花卉之上等佳品。

Pleione forrestii Schlechter

Painting: X. G. Zou Cultivating and Writing: Y. X. Feng and C. F. Liang

Pleione forrestii Schlechter (Orchidaceae) in Notes Bot. Gard. Edin. V. 106(1912). The species is a dwarf rock-j-dwelling or terrestrial herb, and distributes in the west of Yunnan at an altitude of 700 to 3000 metre. The type specimen, Forrest 4859, was collected from Dali county. The name of genus is dedicated to Pleione, mother of the pleiades. The species was introduced to Yanshan, Guilin, Guangxi on 20th of February in 1992, flowering in March. Flowering phase is about 15 days. In terms of observation, the plant is hysteranthous. Scape is 8 cm long, with solitary flower which is 5—8 cm across. Bloom is yellow with a marked purple frilled lip. After the flower withered, a folded leaf sprouts and develops in June. The leaf is oblong, 20cm long and 6 cm wide. In July the leaf is deciduous and the flask-shaped pseudobulbs will remain only.